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Building Near Sewer or Stormwater Lines

Sewer & Stormwater Mains Protection

The public sewer and stormwater mains are major assets, which the Local Council is responsible for.

The mains consist of major and minor pipelines, property connection points, and a variety of access chambers. Some stormwater is carried in open drains and in some cases sewer is carried in pressure pipelines.

The Problem

Sewer and stormwater mains have high risks; these systems must be able to deal with rare peak flows caused by heavy rain etc. Flows and associated gases in both sewer and stormwater mains are occasionally volatile and even, at times, explosive.

Faults in these mains can cause substantial damage to property quite quickly, and damage can occur a long way from the problem in the pipe.

Council needs to access all parts of the mains in order to ensure the health and safety of its public.

Access for inspection, maintenance and long term renewal is critical, particularly at connection and access points.

This means that buildings should not be built over, or too close to sewer and stormwater mains.

The Solution

Nearly every landowner will have some part of the sewer and stormwater mains located within their property. Council recognizes that in some cases the inconvenience of such restrictions make it worthwhile for owners to fund alterations to the mains allow the works to proceed while managing the risk. Council's encumbrance policy has been developed to address these cases.

We aim to help landowners maximise the land use and enjoyment of their property, while maintaining the integrity of the sewer and stormwater mains. We can provide accurate, helpful and specific information to you and aid you in the construction process.

Council also pursues continual advances in pipe and construction technology to make new mains installation as reliable as possible, minimizing the future need to carry out work on individual properties.

What is an encumbrance?

In Council's policy, an encumbrance refers to anything that hinders access to or may damage any part of the public sewer or stormwater network.

Some examples of potential encumbrances include;

- ✓ Sheds, carports and pergolas
- ✓ Retaining walls, barbeques, stone walls
- ✓ Pools (in-ground and above-ground), storage tanks
- ✓ Underground utilities (water, gas, power)
- ✓ Fences, paving
- ✓ Houses, habitable rooms
- ✓ Landscaping that significantly changes the ground level

Private sewer and stormwater pipes (those that serve only the owners property) are not subject to protection by this policy. However, plumbing approvals may impose certain restrictions which are covered by the normal council approvals process.

Refer to page 4 of this brochure for an explanation of sewer and stormwater systems.

Encumbrance Zones

There are two types of encumbrance zones.

Zones of loading influence are areas on the ground which extends either side of the pipe's location. Structures built in this zone may transmit load through the ground onto the pipe, increasing the chance of pipe failure. Sinking of the original trench or scouring caused by pipe failure may undermine any structure built within the zone.

The standard zone of influence is [depth to pipe base + 300mm] either side if the pipe centre line. The standard (conservative) zone of influence is based on a 45 degree angle of repose (see the diagram over the page). A smaller zone of influence may be considered if an accredited geotechnical engineer provides advice on the suitable angle of repose.

Zones of clearance are used to provide sufficient room for repairs and/or replacement of parts of the system. Unauthorized structures in this zone may endanger council employees, restrict critical repairs or themselves be damaged or demolished at the owner's expense. Usually, council requires a 2.5m strip for access to the pipe, including at least 0.6m clearance on each side.

Council **Easements** have been created in newer properties to make property owners aware of the areas of building restrictions.

How will this affect my plans?

The main factors in determining what system encumbrance may be allowed are:

The type of proposed structure; easily demountable structures are more likely to be allowed.

The type and condition of the sewer or stormwater main proposed to be encumbered; Main trunk lines serving large numbers of properties will be subject to greater protection than minor lines serving few houses. Pipes that may sometimes overflow are also given greater protection. The age and condition of the pipe will also be considered. No access chambers may be encumbered.

The first thing you need to know is the locations and type of sewer or stormwater mains located in your property. Council has a **diagram of the property drainage pipes** for many properties in Wagga. An example is provided over the page.

The next thing to do is to look up the "Developments Affecting Mains" on page 6. This will explain if you are required to apply for conditional approval from Council before building works can proceed.

Existing encumbrances; Some existing buildings or other structures may already encumber sewer and stormwater mains. Any replacement or extension of such items will not be permitted by Council. You will need to make a new application to encumber a council asset as outlined in this brochure.

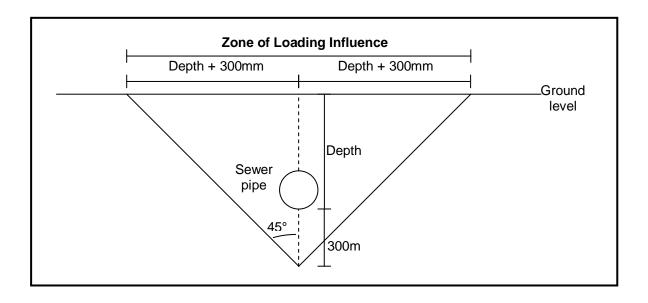
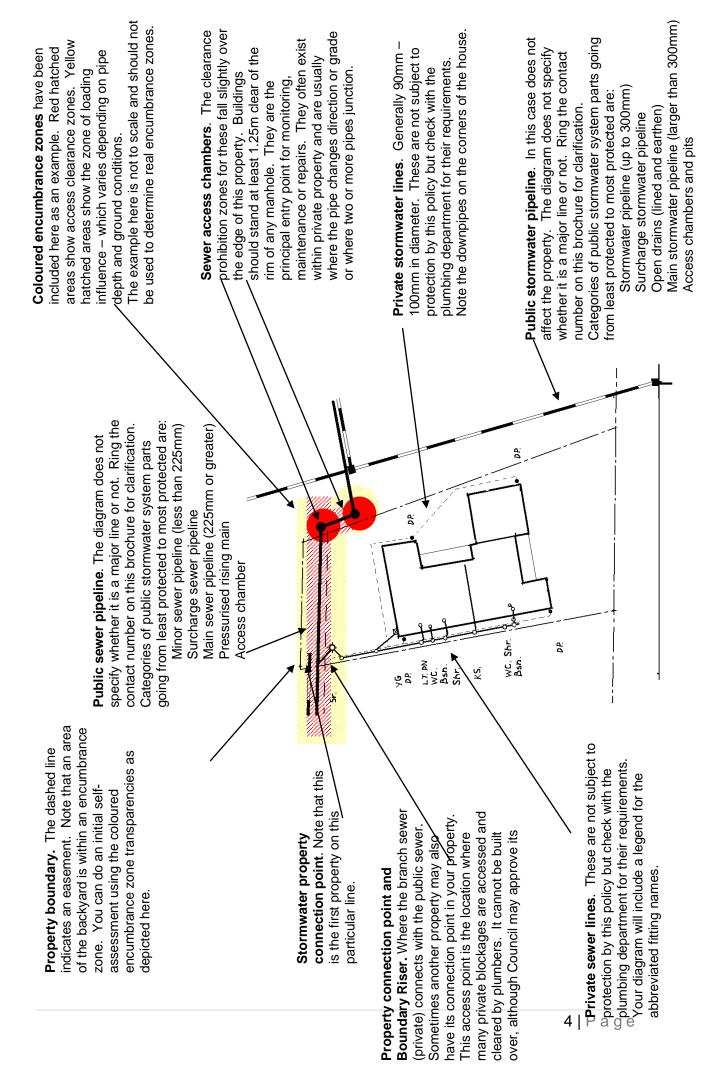


Diagram showing the Encumbrance Zone of Loading Influence

HOW TO READ A SEWER AND STORMWATER DIAGRAM



General Approval Conditions

Financial

If a main is required to be upgraded or relocated to accommodate a development this will be at full cost to the applicant/developer.

The applicant/developer will also need to fully fund any further works required for the creation of the encumbrance, such as strengthened foundations or alteration of existing house plumbing.

The applicant/developer will need to meet any administrative cost incurred by the Council in establishing the encumbrance agreement. In most cases this is covered by the application fee.

In cases of significant structures such as buildings, the landowner/occupier will be required to pay for and organize the establishment of a positive covenant (under section 88E of the Conveyancing Act 1919) which indemnifies the council against all claims arising from the existence of an encumbrance within the zone of influence of the system. This is to ensure that any future purchaser or other interested party will be notified of the existence of the encumbrance and any conditions placed upon it.

Agreements

Any approval of an encumbrance of a sewer or stormwater system will require that the owner acknowledge that Council will not be held responsible for any damage that could result from the encumbrance. This is to indemnify Council against all claims arising from the existence of an encumbrance within the zone of influence of the system.

The owner must also guarantee access to the line for maintenance work at any time. Damage caused to the development by such maintenance shall be at the owner's expense.

Council Inspections and Approvals

Council will place certain building requirements on any approved encumbrance. These conditions will be added to any standard development approval conditions. The overall development approval issued by Council will include these conditions and will nominate a program of mandatory inspections.

You must not commence any construction until you have obtained a formal construction certificate.

Developments Affecting Mains

Not Allowed to Encumber Mains and Easements

Habitable Rooms (e.g. Bedrooms, Living rooms, Offices).

Carport attached to a building with a contiguous roof

Swimming Pools and Spas (above Ground and In ground)

Enclosed and Roofed Pergolas.

Storage Tanks

Allowable with Conditional Approval (including an encumbrance fee and positive covenant)

Buildings other than habitable rooms (e.g. Garage and Shed)

Carport (non contiguous roof)

Free standing open pergolas

Retaining Wall with footings

Barbeques

Allowable with Conditional Approval

Small garden sheds (less than 3m x 5m with no floor)

Swimming Pool Fences, Pumps and Filters

Retaining Walls 600mm minimum height with no footings

Where to Now??

This brochure has been designed to point you in the right direction. You will find that you will get assistance in interpreting this brochure from the following people:

- Building and pool suppliers
- Kit shed and pergola suppliers
- > Real Estate agents
- Solicitors
- Land developers, planners, trades people, and engineers
- You can also deal directly with Council if you choose

Sewer diagrams: Visit or ring the Council offices to obtain a copy of your property's sewer and stormwater diagram. You must be the owner of the property or have the authorization for the owner. A fee applies.

While you are at the Council offices you can be provided with additional information on any sewer or stormwater mains and easements located within your property and what limitations apply.

It is better if you can avoid developing over sewer and stormwater mains and easements. There is less expense involved for the developer and access to Council sewer and stormwater mains is maintained.

All applications are considered on their own merits, and any engineering solutions available to manage the encumbrance. Any variations from the normal conditions will be limited to that specific approval.

General Enquires to 1300 292 442

NOTE: Copies of all polices are available on Councils website www.wagga.nsw.gov.au or can be viewed upon request at the Civic Centre.

Application for a Determination regarding a Proposal to Encumber a Service Line and/or Easement

(as per Council Sewer Policy POL036 and Stormwater Policy POL037)

General Manager Wagga Wagga City Council PO BOX 20 WAGGA WAGGA NSW 2650

Approval in terms of Co to encumber a service		•		water Policy POL037 is sought rty:
Site Address:				
and built in accordance	e with any co f access to th ny problems	onditions issue ne line for mai or damage tha	ed in the accepintenance etc.	ing is appropriately designed tance. I acknowledge that and that Council can't be the fact that the
Applicants Name:				
Owner	Builder		Developer	
Address:				
Phone:		Signatur	e:	
Owners Name:				(if different from applicant)

Additional Information Required, Please turn over

The following is required to be included with the application.				
Is this structure already in place over the main/easement?				
Description of the structure(s)				
What materials are used in the structure?				
What are the dimensions of the structure(s) e.g. length, width, height?				
Does the structure have a floor? What is the floor made out of? How thick is the floor?				
Please Attach:				
a) A site plan showing your proposed works, their size and position relative to the property boundaries and easements. Also show the width of the easement and the position of any sewer or stormwater pits/access points.				
b) If available, architectural plansc) Any other information that you think may assist your application				
Privacy and personal information protection notice: The personal information provided is collected for the purpose of processing this application. Access is limited to Council employees and other authorized persons. Supply of the personal information is legally required and non-supply could cause delay or inability to proceed in the processing of this form. The personal information will be stored in council's system.				
An application fee is payable at the Wagga Wagga Civic Centre and will be charged as per the current Revenue and Pricing Policy.				

OFFICE USE ONLY

Customer Service Only to Complete				
Date Rec:	Rec Number:	BOS:		
Lot:	DP:	CSO:		